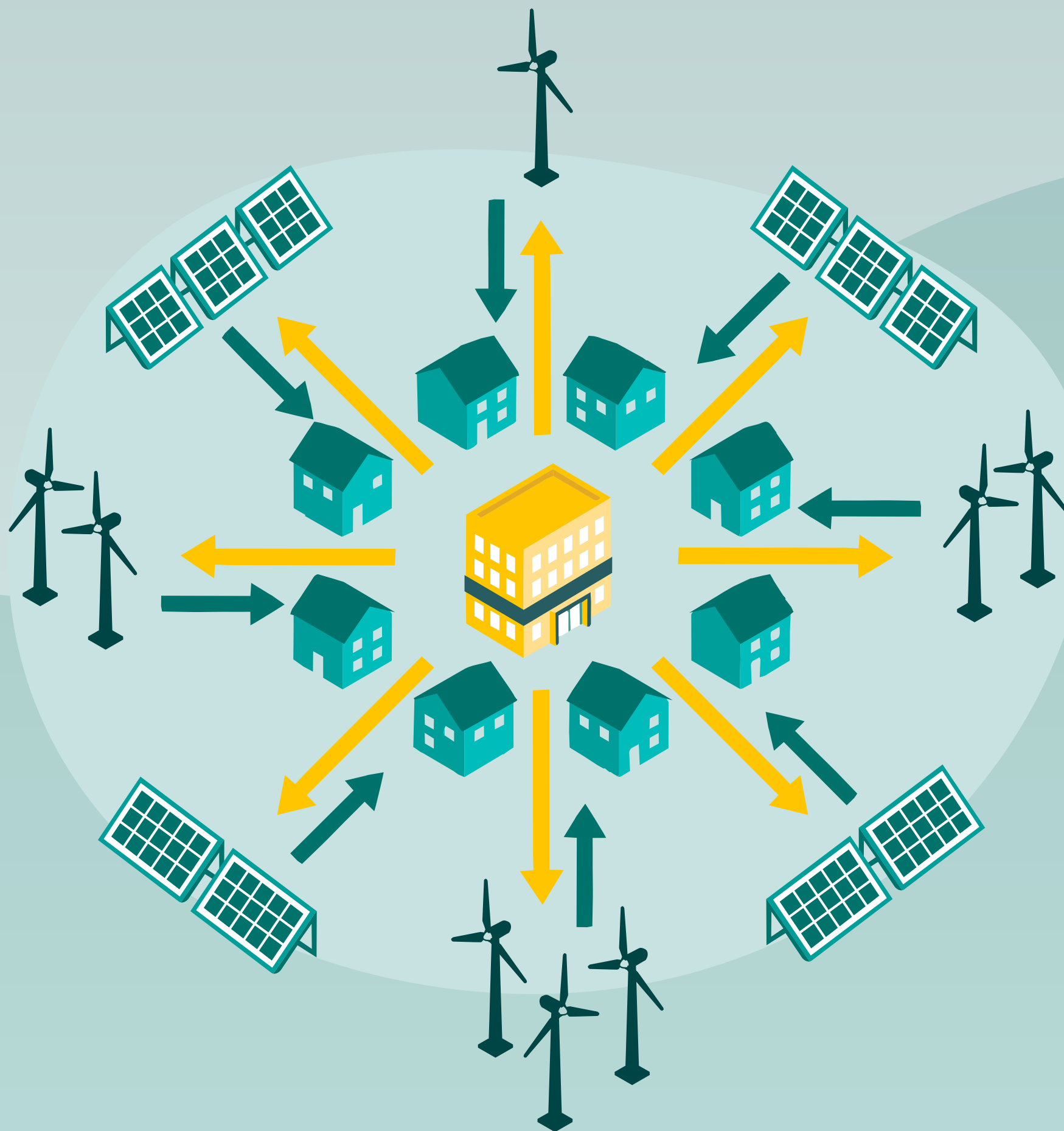


1

# COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT FOR COMMUNITY ENERGY

Communities can pool resources to build, own, and benefit from local energy projects.



Stronger together: social impact, participation, and long-term financial sustainability.

# 2

## DIFFERENT WAYS COMMUNITIES CAN INVEST



3

# WHY BLENDED FINANCING MATTERS



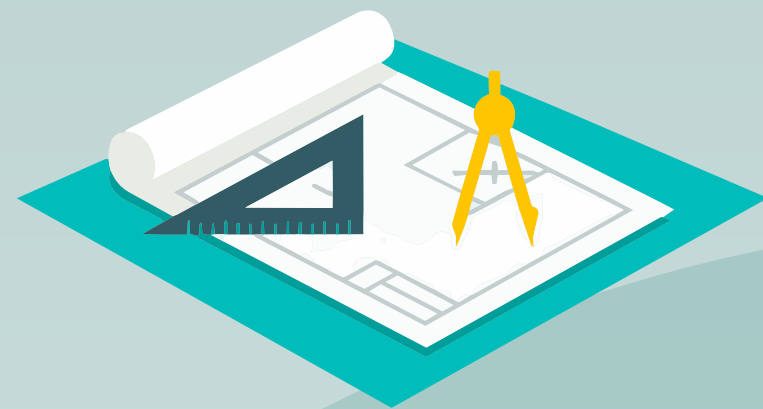
# 4

# FINANCING ACROSS PROJECT PHASES



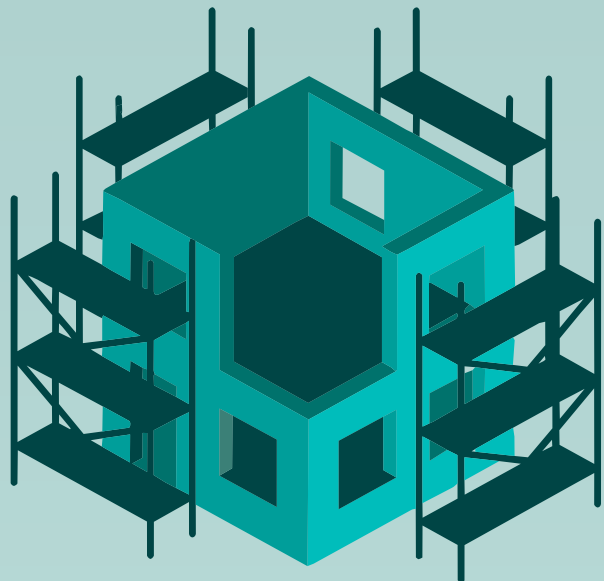
## CONCEPT DEVELOPMENT

Grants, Donations,  
Volunteering



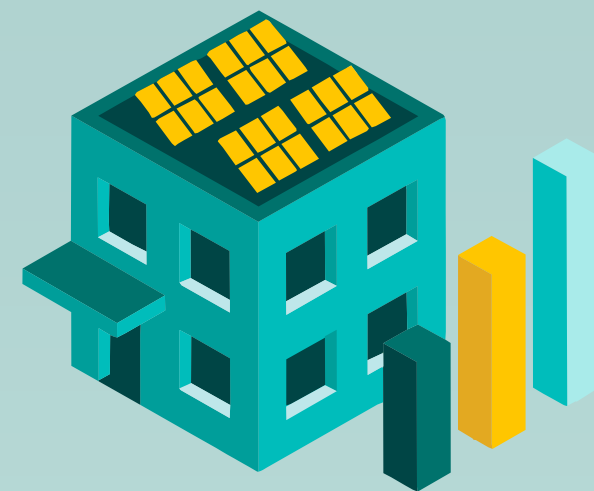
## FEASIBILITY & PLANNING

Crowdfunding,  
Community support,  
Small grants



## CONSTRUCTION

Crowd investment,  
Loans, Blended  
financing

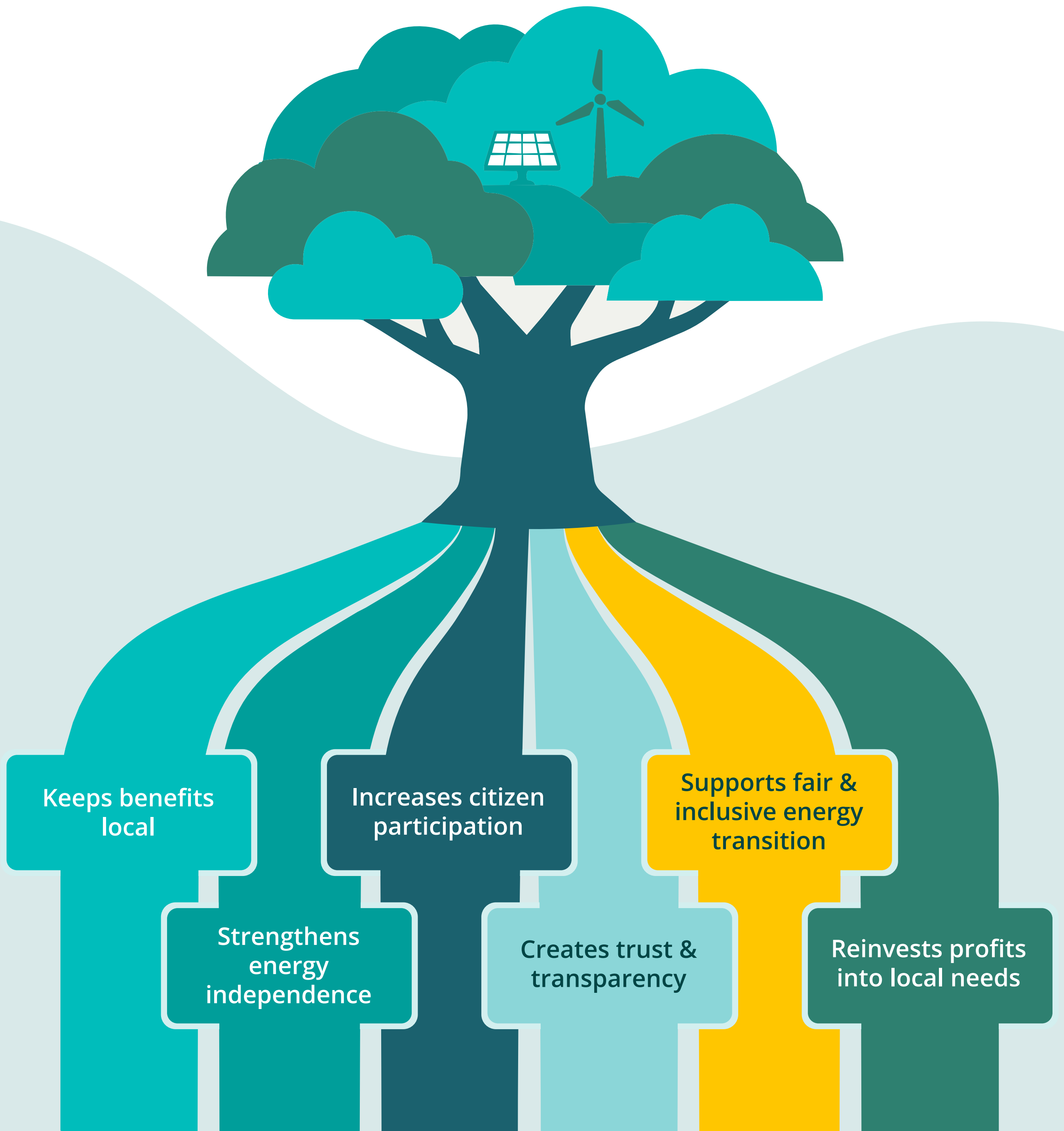


## OPERATION & GROWTH

Revenue surplus,  
Reinvestment,  
Long-term financing

5

# WHY COMMUNITY OWNERSHIP MATTERS



6

# REAL COMMUNITY EXAMPLES

## Isle of Eigg (Scotland)



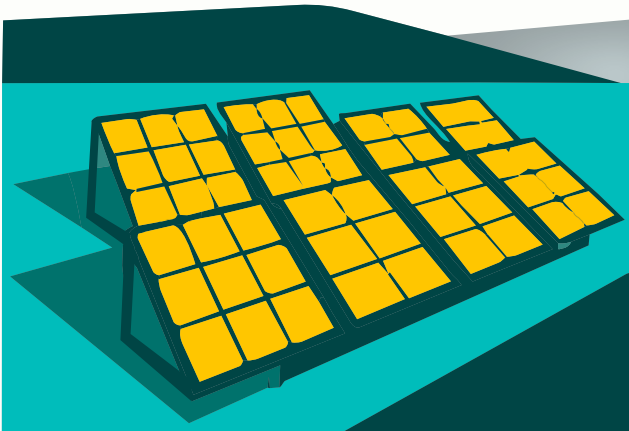
Community-owned renewable energy microgrid.

## Apsyrtides Cooperative (Croatia)



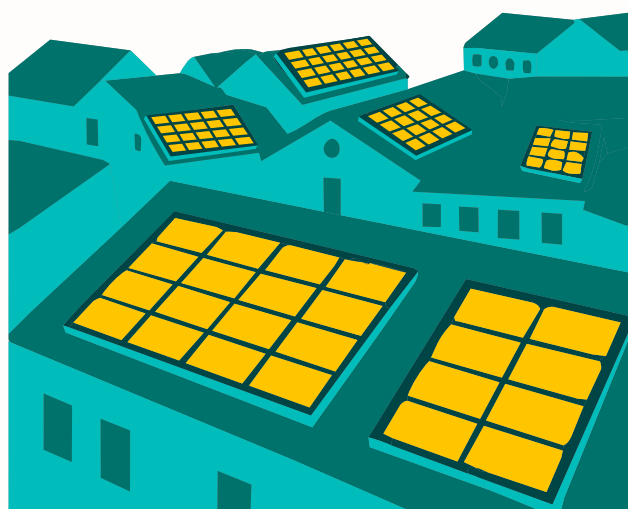
Citizens invest in a 500 kW solar plant on their island.

## Low Carbon Hub (UK)



Blended funding to scale local solar projects.

## Križevci Solar Roofs (Croatia)



First solar project financed entirely by citizens.

7

# COMMUNITIES CAN POWER THE ENERGY TRANSITION TOGETHER

From energy consumers to active participants and co-owners of a sustainable future.



**Interreg  
Danube Region**



**Co-funded by  
the European Union**



**DECA**

[www.interreg-danube.eu/deca](http://www.interreg-danube.eu/deca)